# **BOUBYAN BANK K.S.C.P. and subsidiaries**



# LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO DISCLOSURE – 30 JUNE 2025

#### Introduction

The Central Bank of Kuwait (CBK) approved at its meeting held on 23 December 2014 and issued a directive (2/IBS/346/2014) to Islamic banks operating in Kuwait on the adoption of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) as part of the central bank's implementation of the Basel III reforms.

The main objective of this ratio is to ensure the short-term resilience of the liquidity risk management of banks by ensuring that they have sufficient high quality liquid assets (HQLA) to survive a significant stress scenario lasting for a period of 30 days.

The LCR is reported and monitored at two organizational levels: *Local level (Level A)* - Boubyan Kuwait and *Group Level (Level C)* including all subsidiaries having banking activities (Boubyan Group).

#### Definition

The LCR is defined as a ratio of Islamic Sharia'a compliant HQLA to the total net cash outflows estimated for the next 30 'calendar' days. HQLA are classified into two categories: "Level 1" and "Level 2" with a cap on "Level 2" assets to the total HQLA. "Level 2 HQLA" are calculated after applying the hair cut provided by the Central Bank of Kuwait on their market values. The net cash outflows are calculated by applying cash outflow and inflow run off factors assigned by the Central Bank of Kuwait. These factors apply to the various categories of liabilities (outflows relating to retail and wholesale deposits, contingent funding obligations and undrawn commitments) and assets (inflows from retail and corporate financing receivables) maturing within 30 days.

The LCR is calculated by dividing the amount of unencumbered HQLA by the estimated net outflows over a stressed 30-day period.

# **Regulatory Scope of Reporting and Consolidation**

The LCR is reported on a consolidated basis, banking group including the branches and subsidiaries inside and outside Kuwait.

The LCR is calculated on a total currency level. For follow up purposes only the LCR is prepared on a stand-alone basis for significant currencies. Significant currencies are defined as those whose aggregate liabilities (on- and off- balance sheet) constitute more than 5% of the bank's total aggregate liabilities. Accordingly, the Bank reports the LCR for Kuwaiti Dinar (KWD), US Dollar (USD) and British Pound Sterling (GBP) denominated balances in addition to the total currency level.

# **Liquidity Policy and Contingency Funding Plan**

The Group's liquidity management is guided by its liquidity policy as part of the Treasury Policy which is reviewed every three years and approved by the board of directors. The liquidity policy document specifies the main goals, policies and procedures for managing liquidity. The liquidity risk policy as part of the risk management framework outlines procedures to identify, measure and monitor liquidity risk parameters in line with regulatory and internal limits, under normal and stress scenarios.

The liquidity policy also encompasses the Group's Contingency Funding Plan (CFP), which is approved by the board of directors, charts the course to be followed under stressed conditions.

### **Funding Strategy and Liquidity Management**

While the operational aspect of day-to-day cash flow and liquidity management rests with Treasury Group, other groups such as Consumer Banking Group (CBG), Corporate Banking Group (CBG), Risk Management Group (RMG), and Financial Control Group (FCG) play a key role in managing and monitoring the longer-term funding profile of the bank under the oversight of the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO).

The Group's long-term strategy has been to maintain a strong and diversified liabilities profile. The bank has embraced a robust funding profile through its wide domestic retail customer base and the diversified wholesale funding customers. The Group's major wholesale funding counterparties comprise mostly of Kuwaiti government and quasi-sovereign agencies with which the Bank has established a strong and long-term relationship. Moreover, given its strong and consistent credit rating, the Bank is able to obtain longer-term funding from the debt market through its Global Medium-Term Note (GMTN) program, medium term financing and perpetual Tier 1 sukuk.

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# **Results Analysis and Main Drivers**

The HQLA buffer at Boubyan Group level during the three months ending 30 June 2025 averaged **KD 1,098.73 million** (post-haircut) against an average net cash-outflow of **KD 611 million**. The daily-average LCR for the observed period was **179.75%**.

The HQLA comprised primarily Level 1 assets which represent cash and reserve balances with the Central Bank of Kuwait, as well as debt issuances by sovereign and development banks in domestic and foreign currencies. Average level 1 assets comprise of **67%** of the average total HQLA.

The cash-outflows were driven primarily by unsecured wholesale funding and inter-bank borrowings. The average unsecured wholesale funding constituted **61%** of the average total weighted cash-outflows.

Average retail deposits (including deposits from small-sized business customers) contributed **19%** of the average total weighted cash-outflows.

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Quantitative information on the Liquidity Coverage Ratio is provided in the table below. The values are calculated as the simple average of daily observations over the period between 1 Apr and 30 June 2025 for the Boubyan Group.

LCR disclosure for the period ending on 30 June 2025 \*

Sr.	Item	Value before applying flow rates (average)**	Value after applying flow rates <sup>1</sup> (average)**
High-Qua	lity Liquid Assets (HQLA)		
1	Total HQLA (before adjustments)		1,098,725
Cash Out			
2	Retail deposits and small business	1,985,144	312,873
3	· Stable deposits	11,519	576
4	· Less stable deposits	1,973,624	312,297
5	Deposit, investment accounts and unsecured wholesale funding excluding the deposits of small business customers:	1,677,098	985,547
6	· Operational deposits	-	-
7	· Non-operational deposits (other unsecured commitments)	1,677,098	985,547
8	Secured Funding		-
9	Other cash outflows, including:	147,940	14,783
10	· Resulting from Shari'ah compliant hedging contracts	-	-
11	· Resulting from assets-backed sukuk and other structured funding instruments	-	-
12	· Binding credit and liquidity facilities	147,940	14,783
13	Other contingent funding obligations	2,099,041	104,952
14	Other contractual cash outflows obligations	201,825	201,825
15	Total Cash Outflows		1,619,980
Cash Infl	OWS		
16	Secured lending transactions	-	-
17	Inflows from the performing exposures (as per the counterparties)	1,567,718	960,300
18	Other cash Inflows	48,436	48,436
19	Total Cash Inflows	1,616,154	1,008,736
	LCR		Total Adjusted Value <sup>2</sup>
20	Total HQLA (after adjustments)		1,098,725
21	Net Cash Outflows		611,244
22	LCR		179.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Quarterly statement.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Simple Average for all business days of the template reporting period.

<sup>1</sup> Is the value after the application of respective haircuts for HQLA, inflow and outflow rates.

<sup>2</sup> Adjusted values must be calculated after the application of both (i) haircuts and inflow and outflow rates and (ii) any applicable caps (i.e. cap on Level 2B and Level 2 assets for HQLA and cap on inflows).